

Send the report to SNS-secretary Mimmi Blomquist (SNS@slu.se)

## ANNUAL STATUS REPORT for PROJECT

## YEAR:

Please notice that the size of text sections in the form can be adjusted if needed. The length of the report should not exceed 3 pages. **Supplementary information can be attached** 

1. Project titel	Assessing the role of climate factors in association with spread of invasive Phytophtora species in forests and from urban landscapes	
2. Project leader (name, address, telephone, e-mail)	Michelle Cleary, Researcher, Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Southern Swedish Forest Research Centre, Sundsvägen 3 SE-23053, Alnarp, SWEDEN, (+46) 40 415181, <u>Michelle.Cleary@slu.se</u>	
3. Duration	2016-2019	
4. Project status	During the first year, the project has developed according to plans.Activities related to subproject 1: mapping the distribution and diversity ofPhytophthora species affecting host trees in various countries continuesalongside other research endeavours.The project deviates from the originally planned subproject 2. At the firstkick-off meeting project participants found a common research interest inestablishing a collaborative project that will characterize the Phytophthorapopulations across a soil-climate gradient in the Scandinavian-Balticregion. The results of the collaborative research project will have a moredirect input on proposed subproject 3 related to risk assessment of forestPhytophthorapathogens and climate change for Nordic and Balticcountries.	

5. Activities during	A kick-off meeting was held in April 8, 2016 in Malmö, and was attended
the reporting year	by participants from Sweden, Finland, Estonia, Lithuania, Norway and Denmark. The aim of the meeting was to launch the new SNS project aimed at understanding the potential impacts of <i>Phytophthora</i> in Nordic and Baltic countries under changing climatic conditions. The meeting was initiated by presentations of current updates of <i>Phytophthora</i> research in the six countries. The afternoon was devoted to a designing a joint <i>Phytophthora</i> project to be carried out in the participating countries.
	Since the initiation of this project, even more participants were welcomed from Finland, Sweden and Lithuania.
	The collaborative research project was initiated during 2016. The research project is aimed at determining <i>Phytophthora</i> species distribution and diversity across a soil-climate gradient in the Scandinavian-Baltic region, targeting two broadleaved host genera common to these regions, namely birch ( <i>Betula</i> spp.) and alder ( <i>Alnus</i> spp.). The Estonian team help to design field sampling and lab protocols for all the participants in the project. Newly designed oomycetes species specific primers and associated protocols (Riit et al. 2016) were taken into account in the analysis for the project. <b>ALL</b> project participants from <b>ALL</b> participating countries were involved in the field sampling; this involved a systematic sampling of soil in each country in known or suspected areas of infestation (e.g. in forests, parks, amenity plantings) where birch and alder may be affected and uses a DNA metabarcoding approach to determine <i>Phytophthora</i> community composition and structure. DNA were extracted and sent to the Southern Swedish Forest Research Centre laboratory, SLU Alnarp for further processing. Through the research visit of SNS project participant <b>Diana Marčiulynienė</b> , all samples (in total 112 from all countries) were further prepped for sequencing.
6. Results achieved	Results of sequencing soil samples across a climate gradient in the
during the reporting	participating countries are expected later in 2017.
year	Other relevant results:
	<b>In Finland</b> , a single <i>P. uniformis</i> (-like) isolate was isolated from an alder seedling purchased for outplanting (this is the 1 <sup>st</sup> detection of alder <i>Phytophthora</i> in Finland). Successful inoculation tests were performed on both alder and silver birch.
	<b>In Estonia</b> , surveys were conducted related to subproject 1 (mapping the distribution and diversity of <i>Phytophthora</i> species). Samples were collected from streams and rivers on <i>Alnus incana</i> (63 samples), <i>A. glutinosa</i> (1 sample), <i>Betula</i> sp. (5 samples) and <i>Salix</i> sp. (2 samples). A manuscript is currently in preparation.
	In Denmark, surveys in alder led to a new first report publication.
	In Sweden, surveys continue in both protected and managed forest areas,
	Citizen Science initiatives as part of a larger FORMAS-funded project.

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7. Publishing and	Plan quict M 2016 Investige Plantar Life and popular science)			
communication during	<b>Biomquist, M.</b> 2016. Invasive <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. affecting important			
the reporting year	broadleaved trees species in southern Sweden. Masters thesis. Southern			
International scientific	Swedish Forest Research Centre, SLU Alnarp.			
peer reviewed	Blomquist, M., Cleary, M., Witzell J. 2016. <i>Phytophthora</i> på frammarsch			
journals, other	1 sydsvenska lövskogar. Ekbladet. 31: p. 19-24 (popular science article in			
scientific publications	Swedish)			
short communications	Cleary, M., Blomquist, M., Vetukuri R.R., Böhlenius, H., Witzell, J.			
web etc.)	<sup>7</sup> 2017. Susceptibility of common tree species in Sweden to <i>Phytophthora</i>			
web etc.)	<i>cambivora</i> , <i>P. plurivora</i> and <i>P. cactorum</i> . Forest Pathology [ <i>in press</i> ].			
	Cleary, M., Blomquist, M., Ghasemkhani, M., and Witzell, J. 2016. First			
	report of <i>Phytophthora gonapodyides</i> causing stem canker on European			
	beech ( <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> ) in southern Sweden. Plant Disease. 100:2174			
	<b>Drenkhan, R.</b> et al. (manuscript in prep). Survey of <i>Phytophthora</i> species			
	in Estonia.			
	Redondo, M.A., Thomsen I.M., Oliva, J. 2017. First report of			
	Phytophthora uniformis and P. plurivora causing stem cankers on Alnus			
	glutinosa in Denmark. Plant Disease. 101(3), 512.			
	Poimala A, Werres S, Pennanen T, Hantula J. 2017. Alder Phytophthora			
	detected in Finland; also able to infect birch. Plant Disease, submitted			
	manuscript.			
	Van Tour, A., 2016. Invasive <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. affecting beech ( <i>Fagus</i>			
	sylvatica) in Söderåsen National Park. Masters thesis. Southern Swedish			
	Forest Research Centre, SLU Alnarp.			
	Witzell, J., Cleary, M. 2017. Hantering av Phytophthora i sydsvenska			
	lövskogar. (report to Skogssällskapet in Swedish)			
	https://www.skogssallskapet.se/download/18.2ebe46a615a36cbb4313972/1			
	486989798017/1314-124+165-9+Hantering+av+Phytophthora.pdf			
	Other relevant communications:			
	• Daiva Rurokiana presented Phytophthora work for her research group in			
	"Annual Report 2016 Activities and Prospects": and presentation of			
	"Phytophthora diseases on Alnus Quercus Rhododendron" (group			
	members: Norkutė G. Sivickis K. Čenukoit D. Kriaučiūnaitė A.) to			
	Nature Research Centre (NRC) as representative of Laboratory of			
	Phytopathogenic Microorganisms Institute of Botany at the NRC			
	• Johanna Witzell presented <i>Phytophthong</i> project work in Sweden during			
	• <b>Johanna Witzen</b> presented <i>Phytophinora</i> project work in Sweden during			
	o invited presentations with stakeholders/associations/practitioners, 2			
	through Citizen Seienee initiatives			
	Large on Witzell accounted the ansiest work that is done in the Södersen			
	• Jesper witzen presented the project work that is done in the Soderase			
	National Park in the meeting of the European Beech Forest Network, Isle			
	or viiii, Germany, 15. December 2016. The presentation resulted in			
	recognition of <i>Phytophinora</i> by the network as a threat to beech forests,			
	ending up as a point in the meeting's official resolution under			
	Recommendations for conservation policy and management <sup>2</sup> . The			
	resolution was signed by 30 experts from 14 countries ( <u>http://wilderness-</u>			
	society.org/viiiii-resolutioii-2010-01-the-european-deech-torest-			

10. Short economic report (overview) of the reporting year	SNS annual allocation, -313000 Surplus obtained from N2014-0 Norway, 75000.00 SEK Denmark, 33000.00 SEK Finland, 75000.00 SEK Sweden, 25000.00 SEK 1st project meeting, 12219.96 S Lab costs (also including DNA Estonia and Lithuania and for N 23809.71 SEK other project related salary, trav Total project costs = 351766.1 New Surplus -7709.06	0.00 SEK 05, -46475.17 SEK SEK kits/lab materials/pocket diagnostics for lorway samples processed at Alnarp), rel & OH, 107736.44 SEK 1
11. Date and signature	Date: March 1, 2017	Signature of project leader: